

Claims

- [c1] A method of operating an active night vision system comprising:
 - generating a first oscillating signal;
 - generating a trigger signal having a duty cycle with a cycle start time and a cycle end time;
 - synchronizing said cycle end time with a pulse end time of said first oscillating signal; and
 - operating a light source in response to said duty cycle.
- [c2] A method as in claim 1 further comprising operating a receiver in response to said duty cycle.
- [c3] A method as in claim 2 wherein said light source and said receiver are activated at said cycle start time and deactivated at said cycle end time.
- [c4] A method as in claim 1 wherein generating a trigger signal having a duty cycle with a cycle start time and a cycle end time is performed via a controller.
- [c5] A method as in claim 1 wherein synchronizing said cycle end time with a pulse end time of said first oscillating signal is performed via a controller.

- [c6] A method as in claim 1 further comprising:
 - generating a second oscillating signal in response to said first oscillating signal; and
 - synchronizing said cycle start time with a pulse start time of said second oscillating signal.
- [c7] A method as in claim 1 further comprising synchronizing said cycle start time with a pulse end time of said first oscillating signal.
- [c8] A method as in claim 7 wherein synchronizing said cycle start time with a pulse end time comprises synchronizing a rising edge of said duty cycle with a falling edge of said first oscillating signal.
- [c9] A method as in claim 1 wherein synchronizing said cycle end time with a pulse end time comprises synchronizing a first falling edge of said duty cycle with a second falling edge of said first oscillating signal.
- [c10] An active night vision system comprising:
 - a counter circuit receiving a first oscillating signal and generating a second oscillating signal;
 - a duty cycle generator generating a pre-trigger signal having a first duty cycle in response to said first oscillating signal and said second oscillating signal;
 - a pulse end detector detecting pulse endings of said first

oscillating signal and said second oscillating signal and generating a post-trigger signal having a second duty cycle; and

a light source controller operating a light source in response to said second duty cycle.

- [c11] A system as in claim 10 further comprising a receiver operating in response to said second duty cycle.
- [c12] A system as in claim 10 further comprising a receiver having an oscillator generating said first oscillating signal.
- [c13] A system as in claim 12 wherein said oscillator is a horizontal oscillator.
- [c14] A system as in claim 10 wherein said pre-trigger signal is partially synchronized with said first oscillating signal.
- [c15] A system as in claim 10 wherein said post-trigger signal is fully synchronized with said first oscillating signal.
- [c16] A system as in claim 10 wherein said second oscillating signal is in the form of an approximately 60Hz oscillating signal.
- [c17] A system as in claim 10 wherein said duty cycle generator is in the form of a resistor/capacitor (RC) circuit.

- [c18] A system as in claim 10 wherein said pulse end detector is in the form of a flip-flop circuit.
- [c19] An active night vision system comprising:
 - a first counter circuit receiving a first oscillating signal and generating a second oscillating signal;
 - a second counter circuit generating a trigger signal having a duty cycle with a cycle start time and a cycle end time in response to said first oscillating signal and said second oscillating signal;
 - said second counter circuit synchronizing said cycle end time with a second pulse end time of said first oscillating signal; and
 - a light source controller operating a light source in response to said duty cycle.
- [c20] A system as in claim 19 wherein said second counter circuit synchronizes said cycle start time with a first pulse end time of said first oscillating signal.